

# Proximal Hamstring Repair

Weeks 1-4	Weeks 4-6
<b>Initial Evaluation</b>	<b>Evaluate</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ History of injury/Premorbid activity level</li> <li>➤ Evaluate incisional integrity and inspect for signs of infection/DVT</li> <li>➤ Gait assessment (patient typically presents in custom fitted hip orthosis that restricts hip flexion)</li> <li>➤ Establish patient goals and assess RTW and sport expectations</li> <li>➤ TTWB x2 weeks, 25% x2 weeks, then WBAT per MD</li> <li>➤ Encourage ice x 10 minutes PRN</li> <li>➤ Assess foot, ankle, and knee biomechanics</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Compliance with post-op precautions</li> <li>➤ ROM (avoid terminal ranges)</li> <li>➤ Evaluate pain</li> <li>➤ PROM</li> <li>➤ Review ADL/work tolerance and return to work plans</li> </ul>
<b>Patient Education</b>	<b>Patient Education</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Compliance with post-op PRECAUTIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reinforce use of brace and assistive device</li> <li>• Avoid NSAID's and support physician prescribed meds</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Reinforce weight bearing guidelines (TTWB x2 wks, 25% x2 wks, min to no hip flexion and no hamstring activity x6 wks)</li> <li>➤ Discuss frequency and duration of treatment (2-3x wk for first 10 wks, followed by intermittent appointments over another 3-4 months)</li> <li>➤ Donning/doffing brace PRN</li> <li>➤ Review ADLs with brace</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Continued compliance with post-op precautions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Restate surgical precautions and discuss scenarios that may cause re-injury</li> <li>• Continue to avoid end range hip flexion</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Reinforce use of brace</li> <li>➤ Begin WBAT and wean from crutches as appropriate</li> </ul>
<b>Therapeutic Exercise*</b>	<b>Therapeutic Exercise*</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Review and update pre-op HEP <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isometric Quad sets, ankle pumps, isometric glute sets</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Lumbopelvic stabilization exercises</li> <li>➤ Isometric hip abduction and adduction exercises</li> <li>➤ Ankle strengthening</li> <li>➤ Passive calf stretching (maintain neutral hip)</li> <li>➤ Mobility training with AD, suggest shortened stride length to limit hip flexion/hamstring lengthening</li> <li>➤ May initiate heel raises and weight shifting activities as tolerated</li> <li>➤ AVOID heel slide/hamstring activity x6 wks</li> <li>➤ Aquatics are not advised in this phase</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Begin gentle AAROM and AROM at week 4</li> <li>➤ Initiate AAKE, AROM SLR, side lying hip ABD/ADD</li> <li>➤ Progress lumbopelvic stabilization exercises to standing using PNF patterns with weights and therabands</li> <li>➤ Initiate single and double leg static balance, weight shifting, and proprioception exercises</li> <li>➤ Multi angle sub-maximal isometrics (pain free)</li> <li>➤ Aquatics are not advised in this phase</li> </ul>
<b>Manual Techniques</b>	<b>Manual Techniques</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ PROM hip and knee</li> <li>➤ Soft tissue mobilization of incision and associated tissue when healing is appropriate.</li> <li>➤ Patellar mobilizations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ May continue PROM of hip and knee as needed.</li> <li>➤ May continue soft tissue and incisional mobilization as needed.</li> <li>➤ May continue patellar mobilization as needed.</li> </ul>
<b>Modalities</b>	<b>Modalities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ NMES/IFC</li> <li>➤ Ice</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Modalities may be used as needed</li> </ul>
<b>Goals</b>	<b>Goals</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Minimize swelling and pain</li> <li>➤ Understand post-op precautions and weight bearing status</li> <li>➤ Independence with HEP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Minimize swelling and pain</li> <li>➤ Continued independence with HEP</li> <li>➤ Improve gait on flat surfaces wearing brace</li> <li>➤ Restore full PROM</li> </ul>

\* Exercises within each category are to provide the clinician with examples based on evidence based research, but are not all inclusive

Weeks 6-12	Weeks 12 to Discharge
<b>Evaluate</b>	<b>Evaluate</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Ability to contract hamstring</li> <li>➤ Gait assessment</li> <li>➤ Evaluate Pain</li> <li>➤ Evaluate active and passive ROM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Address any deficits that may limit return to work or sport goals</li> <li>➤ Functional movement screen</li> </ul>
<b>Patient Education</b>	<b>Patient Education</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Progress to FWB if not completed prior to 6 weeks</li> <li>➤ Discharge brace at 6 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Emphasis on maintaining normal gait and movement patterns with functional activities</li> <li>➤ Adhere to Physician recommendations regarding return to sport guidelines as appropriate                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Return to sport expected at 6-7 months</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Therapeutic Exercise*</b>	<b>Therapeutic Exercise*</b>
<p>6 weeks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Initiate stationary bike with no resistance</li> <li>➤ Add active hip extension and hamstring curl with no resistance</li> <li>➤ Progress lumbopelvic stabilization with modified plank and side planks progressing as able</li> <li>➤ Initiate double leg bridging with progression to single leg</li> <li>➤ May initiate Aquatic Therapy with a focus on CKC activities</li> </ul> <p>8 weeks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Begin isotonic exercises/activities</li> <li>➤ Progress CKC activities to include partial assisted squat and leg press</li> </ul> <p>10+ weeks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Progress to single leg, step ups, and partial lunges</li> <li>➤ Initiate light jogging in the pool</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ May initiate CFA program</li> <li>➤ Consider use of dynamic warm-up prior to activity</li> <li>➤ Initiate sports specific drills/activities</li> <li>➤ Initiate jogging no sooner than 12 wks with appropriate strength/movement testing, and Physician approval</li> <li>➤ Progress plyometrics, agility, and multiplane activities as appropriate</li> </ul>
<b>Manual Techniques</b>	<b>Manual Techniques</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Any manual techniques needed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Any manual techniques needed</li> </ul>
<b>Modalities</b>	<b>Modalities</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Modalities may be used as needed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Modalities may be used as needed</li> </ul>
<b>Goals</b>	<b>Goals</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Eliminate pain with normal daily activities</li> <li>➤ Restore normal gait on all surfaces</li> <li>➤ Normal AROM</li> <li>➤ 4+ MMT of all involved musculature by 8-10 weeks</li> <li>➤ Continued independence with HEP</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ 5/5 MMT of all involved musculature</li> <li>➤ Appropriate completion of functional movement screen</li> <li>➤ Return to work and sport activities without pain</li> <li>➤ Discharge to independent HEP and/or gym program</li> </ul>
* Exercises within each category are to provide the clinician with examples based on evidence-based research, but are not all inclusive	

## References

1. Askling CM, Koulouris G, Saartok T, Werner S, Best TM. Total proximal hamstring ruptures: clinical and MRI aspects including guidelines for postoperative rehabilitation. *Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc.* 2012; 21(3):515-33. doi: 10.1007/s00167-012-2311-0.
2. Belk JW, Kraeutler MJ, Mei-Dan O, Houck DA, McCarty EC, Mulcahey MK. Return to Sport After Proximal Hamstring Tendon Repair: A Systematic Review. *Orthop J Sports Med.* 2019; 7(6):2325967119853218. doi:10.1177/2325967119853218
3. Degen RM. Proximal Hamstring Injuries: Management of Tendinopathy and Avulsion Injuries. *Curr Rev Musculoskelet Med.* 2019;12(2):138–146. doi:10.1007/s12178-019-09541-x.
4. Kirkland A, Garrison C, Singleton S, Rodrigo J, Boettner F, Stuckey S. Surgical and Therapeutic Management of a Complete Proximal Hamstring Avulsion After a Failed Conservative Approach. *J Orthop Sports Phys Ther.* 2008; 38(12): 733-828.

5. Lightsey HM, Kantrowitz DE, Swindell HW, Trofa DP, Ahmad CS, Lynch TS. Variability of United States Online Rehabilitation Protocols for Proximal Hamstring Tendon Repair. *Orthop J Sports Med.* 2018; 6(2): 2325967118755116. doi:10.1177/2325967118755116.